Page 2 Line 4à,41,42

Should be corrected : « CHIVA is an acronym standing for Conservative and Haemodynamic Correction of Venous Insufficiency in an office-based setting «  instead of CHIVA is an acronym standing for Haemodynamic Correction of Venous Insufficiency in an office-based setting

Page 14 Line 43, 48

« The shunt type classification includes also other three kinds of compartment jumps, but

being them morerare, both their hemodyanamic and strategic correction descriptions are

left to more specifically addressed textbooks.2 »

# Should be noticed/added  : « In CS, the escape point is mostly the SFJ or the SPJ, but also any pelvic leak point or thigh and leg refluxing perforator, as N1-N2 or N1-3 junctions. . "Treatment of lower extremity venous insufficiency due to pelvic leak points in women C.Franceschi, A.Bahnini Annals of Vascular surgery 2005;19;1-6"

Page 18 line 50:

Should be added: A one shot strategy in Shunt III consists of destroying the competent valves of the GSV below its junction with the incompetent tributary , down to a N2-N1 re-entry perforator.

Page 33 Line 24, 25

Should be added : In case of pelvic leak , the direction of refluxing flow through the upper arch tributaries is not different from the normal. So, it is assessed only when, contrary to the normal, its is triggered by the Valsalva maneuver.

Page 35 line 39

Should be added : Moreover, the GSV conservation, competent or not, is precious for a potential further need of by-passing arterial obstructions.

Pelvic escape points ?

Conservation and arterial By-pass